

Explanation Review

| <u>Base form</u> | <u>Pronoun</u> | <u>Form</u> | <u>Possessive</u> |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Simple present | | <u>Verb be</u> | <u>adjective</u> |
| | I | am | I=My |
| | You | are | You=your |
| | He/she/it | is | He=His |
| | We | are | She =Her |
| | They | are | It=its |
| | | | We=Our |
| | | | They=their |

Prepositivos of Time - at, in, on

We use:

- **at** for a PRECISE TIME
- **in** for MONTHS, YEARS, CENTURIES and LONG PERIODS
- **on** for DAYS and DATES

| at PRECISE TIME | in MONTHS, YEARS, CENTURIES and LONG PERIODS | on DAYS and DATES |
|--|---|--|
| at 3 o'clock | in May | on Sunday |
| at 10.30am | in summer | on Tuesdays |
| at noon | in the summer | on 6 March |
| at dinnertime | in 1990 | on 25 Dec. 2010 |
| at bedtime | in the 1990s | on Christmas Day |
| at sunrise | in the next century | on Independence Day |
| at sunset | in the Ice Age | on my birthday |

Time expressions

Around-alrededor

Early-temprano

Late-tarde

Until-hasta

Before/after –antes/despues