

## Level Exam Review

### Practice time expressions such as prepositions of time and adverbs of time.

**At** precise time; **at** 3 o'clock , at 10:30, at noon, , **at** dinnertime, **at** the moment.

**In** Months, Years, Centuries and Long periods; **in** May, **in** summer, **in** 1990.

**On** Days and Dates; **on** Sunday, **on** Tuesday, **on** Christmas Day, **on** Independence Day,

**On** my birthday, **on** New Year's Eve.

### Adverbs of time

**Until** midnight, **until** 9 o'clock .

**Around** 10:30, **around** 2 o'clock.

### **Examples:**

1. I get up **at** 7:00 **in** the morning **on** weekdays.
2. I go to bed **around** ten **on** weeknights.
3. I stay up **until** midnight **on** Saturdays.

### I. Answer the questions using simple present and time expressions.

1. what days do you get up early ? what time?
2. what time do you go to sleep on Sundays ?
3. what time does your mother go to work?
4. until what time do you stay up on Fridays?

**The simple past tense is a verb tense indicating an action that occurred in the past and which does not extend into the present.**

### II. Answer the questions using simple past .Example is provided for you.

**1. Did you go anywhere last weekend?**

**Yes, I did. I went to the park.**

**No, I didn't. I stayed home.**

**2. what did you do last night?**

3. Did you do anything special over the weekend?

4. Did you see any movies last night?

**III. The present perfect is formed with the verb have/has + past participle.** We use the auxiliary verb **have** with the subject pronoun I, we, you, they. We use the auxiliary verb **has** with the subject pronouns he, she, it. How many times have you done these things in the past week? (Once, twice, three times, never) Use subject pronouns (He, She, it, I, You, we, They). Example is provided for you.

1. Call home: **She has called home twice this week.**

2. see a movie: \_\_\_\_\_

3. play sports: \_\_\_\_\_

4. do aerobics: \_\_\_\_\_

**Present perfect with “for” and “since”. We use “for” to talk about a period of time.**

**For+ Period of time**

For six years, for a week, for a month, for hours, for two hours.

I have worked here for five years.

Alice has been married for three months.

**Since + a point in the past, a specific point in time.**

Since this morning, since last week, since yesterday, since I was a child, since Wednesday, since 2 o'clock.

1. she has lived here since 1980.

2. They have been at the hotel since last Tuesday.

**IV. Create sentences with the following phrases using “for” and “since”.**

1. since 2006: We have been married since 2006.

2. since Wednesday: \_\_\_\_\_

3. for two years: \_\_\_\_\_

4. for a long time: \_\_\_\_\_

**Regular verbs Past Participle**

Call- called

hike-hiked

jog-jogged

try-tried

wash-washed

cook-cooked

clean-cleaned

play-played

**Irregular Verbs Past Participle**

be-been

do-done

eat-eaten

go-gone

have-had

make-made

ride-ridden

see-seen

**Present the rules for these collocations:**

**go + activities ending in ing, except weight training.**

**play + games, such as sports played with a ball.**

**do + fitness activities and individual exercises.**

<u>do</u>	<u>go</u>	<u>play</u>
aerobics	bicycling	baseball
yoga	running	soccer
exercise	swimming	tennis

**Adverbs of frequency go before the main verb but after the verb to be. Adverbs of frequency appear between the subject and the verb in a sentence.**

**V. Make four sentences using adverbs of frequency (often, usually, rarely, always, sometimes.) Example is provided for you.**

- 1. I rarely go running.**
- 2. My brother sometimes does exercises with me.**
- 3.**
- 4.**
- 5.**
- 6.**

VI. when to use will; for things that we decide to do now. (rapid decisions). This is when you make a decision at that moment, in a spontaneous way. **I will buy one for you too. I think I'll try one of those.** (I just decided this right now). when to use going to; when we have already decided or we intend to do something in the future. (prior plan). The decision has been made before the moment of speaking. **I am going to accept the Job offer.** When There are definite signs that something is going to happen. (evidente). **I think it is going to rain- I just felt a drop. I don't feel well. I think I am going to throw up.**

Make sentences with this vocabulary use will and going to

1. holiday:

3. skiing:

2. guests:

4. wooden cabins:

I. Turn these sentences into negative sentences and questions. Example is provided for you.

1. 1. It will be fun .

Negative: It will not be fun.

Questions: Will it be fun?

2. They will eat peanuts.

Negative: \_\_\_\_\_

Questions: \_\_\_\_\_

3. She will wear a White dress.

Negative: \_\_\_\_\_

Questions: \_\_\_\_\_

Turn these sentences into negative sentences and questions. Example is provided for you.

1. We are going to buy a new car next week.

Negative: \_\_\_\_\_

Questions: \_\_\_\_\_

2. She is going to stop smoking.

Negative: \_\_\_\_\_

Questions: \_\_\_\_\_

An adjective describes a noun or pronoun. That **boy** is so **loud!** "Boy" is the noun and "loud" is the adjective. An adverb modifies verbs, adjectives or other adverbs. Adverbs answer how, when, where, why, how often, how much. He **speaks slowly.** "Speaks" is the verb and "slowly" is the adverb.

VII. Write two sentences with an adjective before the noun or pronoun.

- 1.
- 2.

Write two sentences with adjective after the noun or pronoun.

- 1.
- 2.

Write two sentences, underline the verbs and circle the adverbs.

- 1.
- 2.

VIII. Ask and answer questions with there is /there are. Use preposition of place (near, around, next to, in front of, across from, next to).

**Is there+ a singular noun + a preposition+ a place?**

Is there a pay phone around here?

Yes, there is. There is one across from the post office.

No, there isn't but there is one next to the library.

**Are there any+ plural noun+ a preposition + a place?**

Are there any gas stations on Maple Avenue?

Yes there are. There are two on Main Street.

Answer the questions in full sentences.

1. Is there a bank near your neighborhood?
2. Is there a park around your neighborhood?
3. Are there any grocery stores near your house?

